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Listing of Claims

 (Original) A method of treating emphysema in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof.

2-5 (canceled)

- 6. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof, repairs alveoli in the mammal.
- 7. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the mammal is human.
- 8. (original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the human was or is a cigarette smoker.
- (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the emphysema is panlobar emphysema, centrilobular emphysema or distal lobular emphysema.
- 10. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof is administered with an electrohydrodynamic acrosol device.
- 11. (previously amended) A pharmaceutical composition suitable for treating a mammal suffering from emphysema comprising an amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, said amount being sufficient to alleviate at least one symptom of emphysema.
- 12. (previously amended) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 36, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is suitable for electrohydrodynamic acrosol device, a acrosol device or a nebulizer device.
- 13. (previously amended) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 36, wherein the amount of 13-cisretinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof, is between about 0.1 µg and about 10.0 mg.

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- 14. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 13, wherein the amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof, is between about 1.0 μg and about 1.0 μg.
- 15. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 14 wherein the amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof is between about 100.0 μg and about 300.0 μg.
- 16. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 12, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is a liquid.
- 17. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 16, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is chosen from the group consisting of water, alcohol and perfluorocarbon.
- 18. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 16, wherein the amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof is between about 1.0 μg and about 100.0 μg.
- 19. (original) The pharmaccutical composition of Claim 18, wherein the amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaccutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof is between about 3.0 μg and about 30.0 μg.
- 20. (original) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 19, wherein the amount of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof is between about 5.0 μg and about 15.0 μg.
- 21. (original)The method of Claim 9, wherein the mammal is human.
- 22. (original)The method of Claim 21, wherein the human was or is a cigarette smoker.
- 23. (previously amended) The composition of Claim 11, wherein the emphysema is panlobar emphysema, centrilobular emphysema or distal lobular emphysema.

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- 24. (original)A method for treating emphysema and related disorders comprising delivering a formulation of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof, into the lungs of a mammal.
- 25. (original)The method of Claim 24, wherein the emphysema is panlobar emphysema, centrilobular emphysema or distal lobular emphysema
- 26. (original)The method of Claim 25, wherein the mammal is human.
- 27. (original)The method of Claim 26, wherein the human was or is a cigarette smoker.
- 28. (original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the formulation is delivered into the lungs of the mammal with a nebulizer device.
- 29. (previously amended) The method for treating emphysema and related disorders comprising delivering a formulation of 13-cis-retinoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, or pro-drug thereof, into the lungs of the manimal with an acrosol device.
- 30 (previously amended) The method of Claim 29, wherein the formulation is delivered into the lungs of the mammal with an electrohydrodynamic aerosol device.
- 31. (original) A method for treating emphysema comprising combining the use of 13-cix-retinoic acid with one or more additional therapies.
- 32. (original) The method of Claim 31, wherein the additional therapics are chosen from the group consisting of smoking cessation, bronchodilators, antibiotics and oxygen therapy.
- 33-35 (canceled)
- 36. (previously added) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11 wherein the pharmaceutical composition is suitable for administration to the lungs by inhalation.
- 37-42. (canceled)

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- 43. (previously added) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 36, wherein said form is suitable for administration through a dry powder inhaler.
- 44. (previously added) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 36 wherein said form is suitable for administration through a liquid spray device.
- 45. (previously added) The pharmaceutical composition of Claims 44, wherein said liquid spray device is an aerosol device.
- 46. (previously added) The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 45, wherein said acrosol device is a nebulizer or electrohydrodynamic acrosol device.
- 47. (canceled).

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